



## Jigsaw knowledge and skills progression: Being Me In My World - Ages 7-8

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the spiral knowledge and skills progression within the Being Me in My World Puzzle (unit of work) including the key vocabulary used in each year group and suggestions for Family Learning.

| BMIMW   | Knowledge  | Social and Emotional Skills   | Questions for Family Learning  |
|---|--|---|--|
| <b>Ages 7-8</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> <li>Understanding what a challenge is</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Know that the school has a shared set of values</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recognise self-worth</li> <li>Identify personal strengths</li> <li>Be able to set a personal goal</li> <li>Recognise feelings of happiness, sadness, worry and fear in themselves and others</li> <li>Make other people feel valued</li> <li>Develop compassion and empathy for others</li> <li>Be able to work collaboratively</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What would your 'nightmare school' look, sound and feel like?</li> <li>What would your 'dream school' look, sound and feel like?</li> <li>What are emotions? Can you name some different ones?</li> <li>Can you give some examples of positive (helpful) choices that could lead to a reward?</li> <li>Why is making someone feel welcome an important skill?</li> <li>What are the Jigsaw Friends in your class called? How are the Jigsaw Friends used in your Jigsaw lessons</li> <li>Can you tell me about Calm Me time?</li> </ul> |
| <p>In this Puzzle (unit) the children learn to recognise their self-worth and identify positive things about themselves and their achievements. They talk about new challenges and how to face them with positivity. The children talk about the need for rules and how these relate to rights and responsibilities. They talk about choices and consequences, working collaboratively and seeing things from other people's points of view. The children talk about different feelings and the ability to recognise these feelings in themselves and others. They set up their Jigsaw Journals and establish the Jigsaw Charter.</p> |  |   |  |
| <p><b>Key Vocabulary</b></p> <p>Welcome, Valued, Achievements, Proud, Pleased, Personal Goal, Praise, Acknowledge, Affirm, Emotions, Feelings, Nightmare, Fears, Worries, Solutions, Support, Rights, Responsibilities, Learning Charter, Dream, Behaviour, Rewards, Consequences, Actions, Fairness, Choices, Co-Operate, Group Dynamics, Team Work, View Point, Ideal School, Belong.</p>   |  |   |  |

## Jigsaw knowledge and skills progression: Celebrating Difference - Ages 7-8

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the spiral knowledge and skills progression within the Celebrating Difference Puzzle (unit of work) including the key vocabulary used in each year group and suggestions for Family Learning.

| CD  | Knowledge   | Social and Emotional Skills  | Questions for Family Learning  |
|---|---|--|--|
| <b>Ages 7-8</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Know why families are important</li> <li>• Know that everybody's family is different</li> <li>• Know that sometimes family members don't get along and some reasons for this</li> <li>• Know that conflict is a normal part of relationships</li> <li>• Know what it means to be a witness to bullying and that a witness can make the situation worse or better by what they do</li> <li>• Know that some words are used in hurtful ways and that this can have consequences</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be able to show appreciation for their families, parents and carers</li> <li>• Use the 'Solve it together' technique to calm and resolve conflicts with friends and family</li> <li>• Empathise with people who are bullied</li> <li>• Employ skills to support someone who is bullied</li> <li>• Be able to 'problem-solve' a bullying situation accessing appropriate support if necessary</li> <li>• Be able to recognise, accept and give compliments</li> <li>• Recognise feelings associated with receiving a compliment</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What is the 'Solve it together' technique? How can it help solve a disagreement between two people?</li> <li>• What is a bystander in a bullying situation? (A bystander is a witness not directly involved).</li> <li>• How could a bystander make a bullying situation worse or better?</li> <li>• What types of bullying do you know about?</li> <li>• Where can someone get help if they were being bullied or witnessed bullying?</li> <li>• How does it feel to give and receive a compliment?</li> <li>• Can you explain how Calm Me time makes you feel?</li> </ul> |
| <p>In this Puzzle (unit) the class learn about families, that they are all different and that sometimes they fall out with each other. The children talk about techniques to calm themselves down and discuss a technique called 'solve it together.' The children revisit the topic of bullying and talk about being a witness (bystander), they talk about how a witness has choices and how these choices can affect the bullying that is taking place. The children also talk about using problem-solving techniques in bullying situations. They talk about name-calling and choosing not to use hurtful words. They also talk about giving and receiving compliments and the feelings associated with this.</p> |   |  |  |
| <p><b>Key Vocabulary</b><br/>           Family, Loving, Caring, Safe, Connected, Difference, Special, Conflict, Solve It Together, Solutions, Resolve, Witness, Bystander, Bullying, Gay, Unkind, Feelings, Tell, Consequences, Hurtful, Compliment, Unique.</p>  |   |  |  |



## Jigsaw knowledge and skills progression: Dreams & Goals - Ages 7-8

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the spiral knowledge and skills progression within the Dreams and Goals Puzzle (unit of work) including the key vocabulary used in each year group and suggestions for Family Learning.

| DG   | Knowledge  | Social and Emotional Skills   | Questions for Family Learning  |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p><b>Ages 7-8</b></p>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Know about specific people who have overcome difficult challenges to achieve success</li> <li>• Know what dreams and ambitions are important to them</li> <li>• Know how they can best overcome learning challenges</li> <li>• Know that they are responsible for their own learning</li> <li>• Know what their own strengths are as a learner</li> <li>• Know what an obstacle is and how they can hinder achievement</li> <li>• Know how to take steps to overcome obstacles</li> <li>• Know how to evaluate their own learning progress and identify how it can be better next time</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recognise other people’s achievements in overcoming difficulties</li> <li>• Imagine how it will feel when they achieve their dream / ambition</li> <li>• Can break down a goal into small steps</li> <li>• Recognise how other people can help them to achieve their goals</li> <li>• Can manage feelings of frustration linked to facing obstacles</li> <li>• Can share their success with others</li> <li>• Can store feelings of success (in their internal treasure chest) to be used at another time</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Can you tell me about someone who overcame an obstacle to achieve their goal.</li> <li>• What ambition is important to you?</li> <li>• What can you do if something is difficult?</li> <li>• How does it feel to be stuck?</li> <li>• How can I help you to achieve your goal?</li> <li>• What might it feel like when you achieve your goal?</li> <li>• Describe how it felt when you achieved your goal?</li> <li>• How can you use this feeling the next time you are stuck?</li> <li>• How does Jigsaw Jino help your Jigsaw work?</li> <li>• Do you enjoy Calm Me time?</li> </ul> |
| <p>In this Puzzle the class look at examples of people who have overcome challenges to achieve success and discuss what they can learn from these stories. The children identify their own dreams and ambitions and discuss how it will feel when they achieve them. They talk about facing learning challenges and identify their own strategies for overcoming these. The children talk about obstacles which might stop them from achieving their goals and how to overcome these. They reflect on their progress and successes and identify what they could do better next time.</p> |  |   |  |
| <p><b>Key Vocabulary</b><br/>           Perseverance, Challenges, Success, Obstacles, Dreams, Goals, Ambitions, Future, Aspirations, Garden, Decorate, Team work, Enterprise, Design, Cooperation, Product, Strengths, Motivated, Enthusiastic, Excited, Efficient, Responsible, Frustration, ‘Solve It Together’ Technique, Solutions, Review, Learning, Celebrate, Evaluate.</p>   |  |   |  |



## Jigsaw knowledge and skills progression: Healthy Me - Ages 7-8

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the spiral knowledge and skills progression within the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit of work) including the key vocabulary used in each year group and suggestions for Family Learning.

| HM  | Knowledge  | Social and Emotional Skills  | Questions for Family Learning  |
|---|--|--|--|
| <b>Ages 7-8</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Know how exercise affects their bodies</li> <li>• Know why their hearts and lungs are such important organs</li> <li>• Know that the amount of calories, fat and sugar that they put into their bodies will affect their health</li> <li>• Know that there are different types of drugs</li> <li>• Know that there are things, places and people that can be dangerous</li> <li>• Know a range of strategies to keep themselves safe</li> <li>• Know when something feels safe or unsafe</li> <li>• Know that their bodies are complex and need taking care of</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Able to set themselves a fitness challenge</li> <li>• Recognise what it feels like to make a healthy choice</li> <li>• Identify how they feel about drugs</li> <li>• Can express how being anxious or scared feels</li> <li>• Can take responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe</li> <li>• Respect their own bodies and appreciate what they do</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How does exercise affect your body?</li> <li>• What do your heart and lungs do?</li> <li>• What drugs do you know about? How do you feel about drugs?</li> <li>• Tell me about some things / places / people that you think might be dangerous. How can you keep yourself safe from these?</li> <li>• Can you tell me about a time when you felt unsafe?</li> <li>• Can we talk about how we keep each other safe in our family?</li> <li>• Can we share a Calm me time to feel peaceful together?</li> <li>• Shall we try an exercise session together?</li> </ul> |
| <p>In this Puzzle the class talk about the importance of exercise and how it helps your body to stay healthy. They also talk about their heart and lungs, discuss what they do and that they are very important. The children talk about calories, fat and sugar; they discuss what each of these are and how the amount they consume can affect their health. The class talk about different types of drugs, the ones you take to make you better as well as other drugs. The children think about things, places and people that are dangerous and link this to strategies for keeping themselves safe.</p> |  |  |  |
| <p><b>Key Vocabulary</b><br/>           Oxygen, Energy, Calories / kilojoules, Heartbeat, Lungs, Heart, Fitness, Labels, Sugar, Fat, Saturated fat, Healthy, Drugs, Attitude, Safe, Anxious, Scared, Strategy, Advice, Harmful, Risk, Feelings, Complex, Appreciate, Body, Choice.</p>  |  |  |  |



## Jigsaw knowledge and skills progression: Relationships - Ages 7-8

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the spiral knowledge and skills progression within the Relationships Puzzle (unit of work) including the key vocabulary used in each year group and suggestions for Family Learning.

| RL  | Knowledge  | Social and Emotional Skills   | Questions for Family Learning  |
|---|--|---|--|
| <p><b>Ages 7-8</b></p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Know that different family members carry out different roles or have different responsibilities within the family</li> <li>• Know that gender stereotypes can be unfair e.g. Mum is always the carer, Dad always goes to work etc</li> <li>• Know some of the skills of friendship, e.g. taking turns, being a good listener</li> <li>• Know some strategies for keeping themselves safe online</li> <li>• Know how some of the actions and work of people around the world help and influence my life</li> <li>• Know that they and all children have rights (UNCRC)</li> <li>• Know the lives of children around the world can be different from their own</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Can identify the responsibilities they have within their family</li> <li>• Can use Solve-it-together in a conflict scenario and find a win-win outcome</li> <li>• Know how to access help if they are concerned about anything on social media or the internet</li> <li>• Can empathise with people from other countries who may not have a fair job/ less fortunate</li> <li>• Understand that they are connected to the global community in many different ways</li> <li>• Can identify similarities in children's rights around the world</li> <li>• Can identify their own wants and needs and how these may be similar or different from other children in school and the global community</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What jobs do I / mummy / daddy do around the house?</li> <li>• What makes a good friend?</li> <li>• Can you tell me about a time when you were really good at sharing / taking turns / listening?</li> <li>• How can you stay safe online? What should our rules be?</li> <li>• What would you do if you saw or heard something online that made you feel worried?</li> <li>• What rights do children have?</li> <li>• How could we use the Solve-it-together technique at home?</li> </ul> |
| <p>In this Puzzle children revisit family relationships and identify the different expectations and roles that exist within the family home. They identify why stereotypes can be unfair and may not be accurate e.g. Mum is the carer, Dad goes to work. They also look at careers and why stereotypes can be unfair in this context. They learn that families should be founded on love, respect, appreciation, trust and cooperation. Children are reminded about the solve-it-together technique for negotiating conflict situations and the concept of a win-win outcome is introduced.</p> <p>Online relationships through gaming and Apps is explored and children are introduced to some rules for staying safe online. Children also learn that they are part of a global community and they are connected to others they don't know in many ways e.g. through global trade. They investigate the wants and needs of other children who are less fortunate and compare these with their own. Children's universal rights are also revisited.</p> |  |   |  |
| <p><b>Key Vocabulary</b></p> <p>Men, Women, Unisex, Male, Female, Stereotype, Career, Job, Role, Responsibilities, Respect, Differences, Similarities, Conflict, Win-win, Solution, Solve-it-together, Problem-solve, Internet, Social media, Online, Risky, Gaming, Safe, Unsafe, Private messaging (pm), Direct messaging (dm), Global, Communication, Fair trade, Inequality, Food journey, Climate, Transport, Exploitation, Rights, Needs, Wants, Justice, United Nations, Equality, Deprivation, Hardship, Appreciation, Gratitude, Celebrate.</p>  |  |   |  |

## Jigsaw knowledge and skills progression: Changing Me - Ages 7-8

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the spiral knowledge and skills progression within the Changing Me Puzzle (unit of work) including the key vocabulary used in each year group and suggestions for Family Learning.

| CM  | Knowledge   | Social and Emotional Skills  | Questions for Family Learning  |
|---|---|--|--|
| <b>Ages 7-8</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Know that in animals and humans lots of changes happen between conception and growing up</li> <li>• Know that in nature it is usually the female that carries the baby</li> <li>• Know that in humans a mother carries the baby in her uterus (womb) and this is where it develops</li> <li>• Know that babies need love and care from their parents/carers</li> <li>• Know some of the changes that happen between being a baby and a child</li> <li>• Know that the male and female body needs to change at puberty so their bodies can make babies when they are adults</li> <li>• Know some of the outside body changes that happen during puberty</li> <li>• Know some of the changes on the inside that happen during puberty</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Can express how they feel about babies</li> <li>• Can describe the emotions that a new baby can bring to a family</li> <li>• Can express how they feel about puberty</li> <li>• Can say who they can talk to about puberty if they have any worries</li> <li>• Can identify stereotypical family roles and challenge these ideas e.g. it may not always be Mum who does the laundry</li> <li>• Can identify changes they are looking forward to in the next year</li> <li>• Can suggest ways to help them manage feelings during changes they are more anxious about</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Can you tell me about some of the changes that happen to a puppy / kitten / baby as they grow up?</li> <li>• Can we talk about some of the changes that are going to happen to you as you grow up? How do you feel about these changes?</li> <li>• Do you have any questions about the changes that are going to happen to you as you grow up?</li> </ul> |
| <p>This Puzzle (Puzzle) begins with an exploration about babies and what they need to grow and develop including parenting. Children learn that it is usually the female that carries the baby in nature. This leads onto lessons where puberty is introduced. Children first look at the outside body changes in males and females. They learn that puberty is a natural part of growing up and that it is a process for getting their bodies ready to make a baby when grown-up. Inside body changes are also taught. Children learn that females have eggs (ova) in their ovaries and these are released monthly. If unfertilised by a male's sperm it passes out of the body as a period. Sexual intercourse and the birth of the baby is not taught in this year group. Children discuss how they feel about puberty and growing up and there are opportunities for them to seek reassurance if anything is worrying them.</p> |   |  |  |
| <p><b>Key Vocabulary</b><br/>           Changes, Birth, Animals, Babies, Mother, Growing up, Baby, Grow, Uterus, Womb, Nutrients, Survive, Love, Affection, Care, Puberty, Control, Male, Female, Testicles, Sperm, Penis, Ovaries, Egg, Ovum / ova, Womb / uterus, Vagina, Stereotypes, Task, Roles, Challenge, Looking forward, Excited, Nervous, Anxious, Happy.</p>   |   |  |  |